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REVIEWS AND NOTES

Under the title of "The Malaria Problem in Peace and War," Dr. Frederick L. Hoffman has published a valuable study of (1) modern methods for the eradication of malaria and their results, and (2) the relations of this disease to war. It is an exceedingly comprehensive presentation of materials from official sources, so condensed and well arranged as to be generally useful.

The 1917 annual report of the medical department in the United Fruit Company puts malaria as the most prevalent disease with one-third of all their cases; in 28,985 cases, however, they had only 54 deaths. Second in importance was hookworm; the records seem to show a distinct gradual decrease in the number of these cases in recent years. Amebic dysentery and a type of flagellate dysentery are also mentioned prominently in the report. *Clonorchis sinensis* was recorded from a Chinese laborer in Cuba, the first record for that region.

The Division of Biology of the California State Board of Health has been designated the Division of Parasitology. The program of this Division includes not only practical work on the hookworm in the mines of California, and on the parasites among the oriental and Mexican laborers of the state, but also a program of general research work in the field of parasitology. The division of parasitology is planning to build up a library and will be glad to receive publications along parasitological lines. The publication of special bulletins is provided for in the plan. Dr. C. A. Kofoid will be consulting parasitologist and Dr. W. W. Cort, consulting helminthologist.

It is with deep regret that the workers in parasitology have learned of the death, on February 16, at the age of 64, of Dr. F. M. Sandwith, C.M.G. Dr. Sandwith was well known for studies on tropical diseases, and was connected with the London School of Tropical Medicine.

Professor W. A. Riley, of the editorial board of THE JOURNAL, has been appointed professor of entomology and chief of the division of entomology and economic zoology at the University of Minnesota. He should be addressed at University Farm, St. Paul, Minnesota. By an error, Professor Riley's initials were misprinted in the March number of THE JOURNAL, on page 139.

In view of the evident need for army work of men, trained in the special field, a group in Washington, D. C., has been engaged in the study of disease-transmitting insects and methods for their control. Dr. W. Dwight Pierce has taken the leadership of the work which includes not only meetings for study and discussion, but correspondence with field men as well.

EDITOR'S NOTE

An unfortunate error, for which the author was not responsible, was made in the paper by M. W. Kamm in the last number of THE JOURNAL; the paragraph

GREGARINA DIABROTICA nov. spec. (Figs. 5 and 6)

Host: *Diabrotica vittata* Fabr. (Chrysomelidae).

Location: Urbana, Illinois, June, 1917.

Habitat: Intestine.

was printed at the bottom of page 162 instead of directly after the table at the bottom of 161, where it properly belongs.

The actual dates of issue of Volume IV of THE JOURNAL were as follows:

No. 1, October 16, 1917.

No. 3, April 8, 1918.

No. 2, January 19, 1918.

No. 4, September 14, 1918.